Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for Alaska, 2005

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
private industry	All Parts	1,800	92.0	9	4.4
private industry	1 Neck- Including Throat	40	2.3	3	19.0
private industry	10 Neck- except internal location of diseases or disorders	40	2.3	3	19.0
private industry	2 Trunk	1,240	63.4	8	4.8
private industry	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	180	9.2	21	9.9
private industry	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	870	44.8	6	5.4
private industry	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	410	21.0	6	7.0
private industry	231 Lumbar region	390	20.1	6	7.1
private industry	232 Thoracic region	40	2.3	7	19.2
private industry	238 Multiple back regions	20	1.3	6	25.3
private industry	24 Abdomen	120	6.4	20	11.7
private industry	240 Abdomen- except internal location of diseases or disorders	20	1.1	16	26.8
private industry	241 Internal abdominal location- unspecified	90	4.8	20	13.3
private industry	25 Pelvic region	40	2.0	13	20.5
private industry	254 Groin	30	1.4	13	23.9
private industry	28 Multiple trunk locations	20	1.0	9	29.0
private industry	3 Upper extremities	300	15.4	11	7.9
private industry	31 Arm(s)	150	7.9	38	10.6
private industry	310 Arm(s)- unspecified	110	5.6	25	12.5
private industry	312 Elbow(s)	20	1.2	100	25.9
private industry	32 Wrist(s)	120	6.3	7	11.7
private industry	4 Lower extremities	150	7.7	10	10.8
private industry	41 Leg(s)	80	4.2	37	14.2
private industry	412 Knee(s)	70	3.8	23	14.9
private industry	42 Ankle(s)	60	2.8	6	17.2
private industry	8 Multiple Body Parts	60	3.0	58	16.6
state government	All Parts	120	64.5	14	4.4
state government	2 Trunk	90	46.2	13	5.8
state government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	20	8.2	20	15.9
state government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	60	28.8	7	7.9
state government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	20	10.6	7	13.9
state government	231 Lumbar region	30	17.2	7	10.6
state government	3 Upper extremities	20	8.6	12	15.6

See footnotes at end of table

Table 2. Number, incidence rate ¹, median days away from work ² and relative standard errors ³ of occupational injuries and illnesses involving days away from work ⁴ to selected parts of body with musculoskeletal disorders ⁵ in selected ownerships for Alaska, 2005 -- Continued

Ownership	Part of body affected	Total Cases	Incidence Rate	Median Days	Relative Standard Error
local government	All Parts	200	70.9	12	10.6
local government	2 Trunk	130	46.2	8	12.6
local government	21 Shoulder- including clavicle- scapula	30	9.9	21	25.1
local government	23 Back- including spine- spinal cord	90	31.0	5	14.9
local government	230 Back- including spine- spinal cord- unspecified	60	23.2	5	16.9
local government	231 Lumbar region	20	7.9	8	28.0
local government	3 Upper extremities	40	14.6	31	20.9
local government	32 Wrist(s)	30	12.4	31	22.6
local government	4 Lower extremities	20	8.5	18	27.0
local government	41 Leg(s)	20	8.5	18	27.0
local government	412 Knee(s)	20	7.2	18	29.2

¹ Incidence rates represent the number of injuries and illnesses per 10,000 full-time workers and were calculated as: (N / EH) X 20,000,000 where,

N = number of injuries and illnesses,

EH = total hours worked by all employees during the calendar year,

20,000,000 = base for 10,000 full-time equivalent workers (working 40 hours per week, 50 weeks per year).

NOTE: Dashes indicate data that do not meet publication guidelines or data for incidence rates less than .05 per 10,000 full-time workers. The scientifically selected probability sample used was one of many possible samples, each of which could have produced different estimates. A measure of sampling variability for each estimate is available upon request.

SOURCE: Bureau of Labor Statistics, U.S. Department of Labor, November 2006

² Median days away from work is the measure used to summarize the varying lengths of absences from work among the cases with days away from work. Half the cases involved more days and half involved less days than a specified median. Median days away from work are represented in actual values.

³ Relative standard errors are a measure of the sampling error of an estimate. Sampling errors occur because observations are made on a sample, not on the entire population. Estimates based on the different possible samples of the same size and sample design could differ. Relative standard errors less than 0.05 are not shown.

⁴ Days-away-from-work cases include those that result in days away from work with or without job transfer or restriction.

Includes cases where the nature of injury is: sprains, strains, tears; back pain, hurt back; soreness, pain, hurt, except back; carpal tunnel syndrome; hernia; or musculoskeletal system and connective tissue diseases and disorders and when the event or exposure leading to the injury or illness is: bodily reaction/bending, climbing, crawling, reaching, twisting; overexertion; or repetition. Cases of Raynaud's phenomenon, tarsal tunnel syndrome, and herniated spinal discs are not included. Although these cases may be considered MSD's, the survey classifies these cases in categories that also include non-MSD cases.